



NORTH-CAROLINA AMERICAN REPUBLIC

Be it enacted by the House of Commons and Senate of the North-Carolina American Republic,

Article I

Protection of the rights of Citizens; actions for violations

§ 1 Definitions

Citizen – A citizen of the North-Carolina American Republic (a/k/a State of North-Carolina), or of any of the several American States who is not a “United States” (“U.S.”) citizen.

Constitution – The Constitution for the United States of America as amended.

Individual – Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, a singular human being.

North-Carolina American Republic – The lawful (“de jure”) State of North-Carolina. Twelfth State to ratify the Constitution for the United States of America (21 November 1789), put in abeyance by the 39th Congress (2 March 1867), and re-established 1 December 1997. Not to be confused with the federally-created 39th State (“de facto”) “STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA”.

Person – A legal entity with defined rights and/or privileges; may be a human being, but may also be a business or other corporate entity, depending on the context.

State of North-Carolina – Synonymous with North Carolina American Republic.

United States; “Them” – the collective name of the several States which are united by and under the Constitution for the United States of America. *Hooven & Allison Co. v. Evatt*, 324 U.S. 652 @ 672 (1945)

United States of America; “It” – the name of a sovereign nation occupying the position analogous to that of other sovereigns in the family of nations. *Hooven & Allison Co. v. Evatt*, 324 U.S. 652 @ 672 (1945)

§ 2 Civil action for deprivation of rights

Every person who, under color of any statute, ordinance, regulation, policy, custom, or usage, of the de facto STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA or of the United States of America who subjects, or causes to be subjected, any Citizen of the State of North-Carolina or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and laws, is guilty of a crime and shall be liable to the party injured in an action at law, suit in equity, or other proper proceeding for redress.



NORTH-CAROLINA AMERICAN REPUBLIC

§ 3 Conspiracy to interfere with rights

(1) Preventing officer from performing duties

If two or more persons within the geographical boundaries of the State of North-Carolina conspire to prevent, by force, intimidation, or threat, any individual from accepting or holding any office, trust, or place of confidence of the State of North-Carolina, or from discharging any duties thereof; or to induce by like means any officer of the State of North-Carolina to leave the State, district, or place, where his duties as an officer are required to be performed, or to injure him in his person or property on account of his lawful discharge of the duties of his office, or while engaged in the lawful discharge thereof, or to injure his property so as to molest, interrupt, hinder, or impede him in the discharge of his official duties;

(2) Obstructing justice; intimidating party, witness, or juror

If two or more persons within the geographical boundaries of the State of North-Carolina conspire to deter, by force, intimidation, or threat, any party or witness in any court of the United States from attending such court, or from testifying to any matter pending therein, freely, fully, and truthfully, or to injure such party or witness in his person or property on account of his having so attended or testified, or to influence the verdict, presentment, or indictment of any grand or petit juror in any such court, or to injure such juror in his person or property on account of any verdict, presentment, or indictment lawfully assented to by him, or of his being or having been such juror; or if two or more persons conspire for the purpose of impeding, hindering, obstructing, or defeating, in any manner, the due course of justice in the State of North-Carolina, with intent to deny to any Citizen the equal protection of the laws, or to injure him or his property for lawfully enforcing, or attempting to enforce, the right of any individual, or class of individuals, to the equal protection of the laws;

(3) Depriving individuals of rights or privileges

If two or more persons within the geographical boundaries of the State of North-Carolina conspire or go in disguise on the highway or on the premises of another, for the purpose of depriving, either directly or indirectly, any individual Citizen or class of Citizens of the equal protection of the laws, or of equal privileges and immunities under the laws; or for the purpose of preventing or hindering the constituted authorities of the State of North-Carolina from giving or securing to all individuals within the State the equal protection of the laws; or if two or more persons conspire to prevent by force, intimidation, or threat, any Citizen who is lawfully entitled to vote, from giving his support or advocacy in a legal manner, toward or in favor of the election of any lawfully qualified person as an elector; or to injure any Citizen in person or property on account of such support or advocacy; in any case of conspiracy set forth in this section, if one or more persons engaged therein do, or cause to be done, any act in furtherance of the object of such conspiracy, whereby another is injured in his person or property, or deprived of having and exercising any right or privilege of a Citizen of the State of North-Carolina, is guilty of a crime and the party so injured or deprived shall have an action for the recovery of damages occasioned by such injury or deprivation, against any one or more of the conspirators, jointly and severally.



NORTH-CAROLINA AMERICAN REPUBLIC

§ 4 Action for neglect to prevent

Every person who, having knowledge that any of the wrongs conspired to be done, and mentioned in section 3 of this Article, are about to be committed, and having power to prevent or aid in preventing the commission of the same, neglects or refuses so to do, if such wrongful act be committed, shall be liable to the party injured, or his legal representative(s) if he be deceased or otherwise incapable of managing his own affairs, for all damages caused by such wrongful act(s), which such person by reasonable diligence could have prevented; and such damages may be recovered in an action on the case; any number of persons guilty of such wrongful neglect or refusal may be joined as defendants in the action, and shall be jointly and severally liable.

Article II Public Notices

§ 1 State of North-Carolina Public Notice defined

A Public Notice is a notice which has been duly recorded with the Secretary of State, is intended as a notice to all the world, and appears conspicuously on the official website of the State of North-Carolina for four (4) consecutive weeks. Such website may contain a special section reserved for such notices.

Article III Common Law

§ 1 Common law declared to be in force

All such parts of the common law, defined as all the statutory and case law background of England and the American Colonies before the American Revolution, Black's law Dictionary, 6th Edition, page 276 as were heretofore in force and use within State of North-Carolina, and which have not been replaced by statutes of the State of North-Carolina, are hereby declared to be in full force within this State.